

CHARTER OF THE NOBILITY INTERNATIONAL

AND

STATUTE OF THE

BOARD OF ETHICS



NOBLE CONGREGATION • 2019

CHARTER OF THE NOBILITY INTERNATIONAL

WE THE NOBLE FAMILIES OF THE NATION OF ARISTOPOLIS
DETERMINED

to save mankind from the consequences of error, which has consistently put the future existence of humanity in jeopardy;

to reaffirm faith in international law, in the charter of the United Nations, in fundamental human rights;

to establish conditions under which perfection in the moral duty of custodianship arising from Nobility, Aristophilia, and other sources of human excellence can be maintained;

to promote a noble world order of law-abiding nations and the upward march of history in the Age of Beauty;

AND FOR THESE ENDS

to empower, defend, command respect, and require loyalty among Noble and Aristophilian Families;

to develop legal, political, operational, technological, financial, economic, anti-defamatory, and open-source intelligence resources for the collective defence of the Noble Nation of Aristopolis, the United Nations, and humanity;

to ensure, by the recognition of the United Nations as a state entity and the promotion of its moral legitimacy as a supranational absolute authority to member states, that the United Nations shall have every resource necessary for the definitive enforcement of international law;

to employ Aristophilian institutions for the security of human existence and the future of our children;

HAVE RESOLVED TO COMBINE OUR EFFORTS
TO ACCOMPLISH THESE AIMS.

Accordingly, our respective Families, assembled in Noble Congregation, have agreed to the present Charter of the Nobility International and do hereby establish an international organization to be known as the Nobility International.

CHAPTER I PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES

Article 1

The Purposes of the Nobility International are:

1. To develop and maintain the Noble Nation's ability to collectively defend itself and its Aristophilian allies against financial, economic, technological, and defamatory aggression, within the limits of applicable law;

2. To develop alliances among Noble and Aristophilian Families based on respect for the principle of excellence and leadership;

3. To achieve Noble and Aristophilian cooperation in the Perfectionment of humanitarian errors of a cultural, social, or economic nature, and in promoting and encouraging respect for excellence.

4. To be a center for harmonizing the actions of Noble and Aristophilian Families in the attainment of these common ends.

Article 2

The Organization and its Members, in pursuit of the Purposes stated in Article I, shall act in accordance with the following Principles.

1. The Organization is based on the principle of loyalty of all its Members.

2. All Members, in order to ensure to each other their commitment and dedication, shall refrain from neglecting the duties assumed by them in accordance with the present Charter.

3. All Members shall settle inter-familial conflicts by peaceful means in such a manner that the cohesiveness and security of Noble and Aristophilian Families are not endangered.

4. All Members shall refrain in their inter-familial relations from the threat or use of aggression against the integrity of any Family, or in any other manner inconsistent with the Purpose of the Nobility International.

5. All Members shall give the Nobility International every assistance in any action it

takes in accordance with the present Charter, and shall refrain from giving assistance to any Family against which the Nobility International is taking preventive or enforcement action.

6. The Organization shall ensure that Families which are not Members of the Nobility International act in accordance to these Principles so far as may be necessary to for the maintenance of inter-familial peace and security.

7. Nothing contained in the present Charter shall authorize the Nobility International to intervene in internal Family matters which are of no consequence to other Members.

CHAPTER II MEMBERSHIP

Article 3

The founding Members of the Nobility International shall be the Noble Families that attended the Noble Congregation for the establishment of the Nobility International and the ratification of the present charter.

Article 4

1. Membership in the Nobility International is open to all Noble and Aristophilian Families which accept the obligations of the present Charter and, in the judgment of the Organization, are able and willing to carry out these obligations.

2. The admission of any such Family to membership in the Nobility International will be effected by a decision of the Supreme Committee.

3. A Family shall consist of a Dynarch, as its head, and shall include the Dynarch's 1st, 2nd and 3rd degree relatives.

4. The willingness of a Family to carry out these obligations shall be judged according to the amount it has invested in its:

a. organization

- b. infrastructure
- c. reputation
- d. cultural development
- e. security
- f. intellectual development
- g. technological development
- h. economic development
- i. legal development
- j. political development
- k. open-source intelligence
- l. international relations
- m. inter-familial relations

5. The capability of a Family to carry out these obligations shall be judged according to the presence of the following traits:

- a. Intelligence
- b. Polymathy
- c. Autodidacticism
- d. Spartan discipline
- e. Capability in hand-to-hand combat
- f. Ability to command respect
- g. Tendency to reinforce unity
- h. Honor of ancestry and tradition
- i. Support for the creation of Noble and Aristophilian Families
- j. Accuracy
- k. Efficiency
- l. Methodical performance
- m. Creativity
- n. Excellence
- o. Fearlessness in the face of adversity

Article 5

A Member of the Nobility International may be suspended from the exercise of the rights and privileges of membership by the Supreme Committee in the event of preventive or enforcement action. The Supreme Committee may restore the exercise of these rights and privileges.

Article 6

The Supreme Committee may expel, with or without prejudice, a Member of the Nobility International in the event of persistent

violations of the Principles contained in the present Charter.

CHAPTER III ORGANS

Article 7

There are established as the principal organs of the Nobility International: a Prime Family, a Supreme Committee, and a Board of Ethics.

CHAPTER IV THE PRIME FAMILY

Composition

Article 8

1. Good moral standing shall be a prerequisite for eligibility to familial primacy.
2. The absence of a determination by the Board of Ethics shall entitle every Family to the presumption of morality.
3. Hereinafter, the head of the Prime Family shall be referred to as the Prime Dynarch.
4. The Noble Family whose annual intellectual, technological, economic, and financial contributions to the Nobility International consistently outvalue the annual contributions of other Noble Families for a period of at least 5 consecutive years, shall be the Prime Family.

Functions and Powers

Article 9

1. The Prime Family shall determine the composition of the Board of Ethics and Supreme Committee, and designate representatives to the Committees, hereinafter referred to as the Supreme Representatives.
2. The Prime Family may provide recommendations to the Board of Ethics and

Supreme Committee on on any questions or matters within the scope of the present Charter.

3. The representative of the Prime Family, hereinafter referred to as the Prime Representative, shall direct and may intervene in the discussions of the Board of Ethics and Supreme Committee.

4. Nothing in the present Charter shall authorize the Prime Family to exercise a vote or a veto.

CHAPTER V THE SUPREME COMMITTEE

Composition

Article 10

The Supreme Committee shall consist of the Prime Family and any Noble Families selected by it at the discretion of the Prime Dynarch.

Functions and Powers

Article 11

1. Questions and matters within the scope of the present Charter or relating to the powers and functions of any organs provided for in the present Charter may be discussed, recommended, and enforced by the Supreme Committee.

2. The Supreme Committee may establish as many Subcommittees as may be found necessary.

3. The Supreme Committee may provide recommendations to its Subcommittees on any questions or any matters within the scope specified by the Nobility International resolution which established the Subcommittee in question.

4. The Supreme Committee shall delegate the discussion of questions and matters within the scope of a Subcommittee to the Subcommittee in question, except for the approval of proposed resolutions referred to in Article 13.

5. Supreme Representatives shall direct and may intervene in the discussions of the Subcommittees to which they are a party.

CHAPTER VI SUBCOMMITTEES

Composition

Article 12

1. Subcommittees shall consist of a Supreme Representative and one representative for each Member selected by the Supreme Committee.

2. Subcommittees shall be established in accordance with the annexed Form, and any such filled-out Forms which are annexed and form an integral part of the present Charter.

Article 13

Functions and Powers

1. Subcommittees may discuss any questions or any matters within the scope specified by their respective establishing documents.

2. Subcommittees shall propose resolutions to the Supreme Committee for approval.

3. The Supreme Committee shall refrain from discussing any questions or any matters while they are already being discussed by a Subcommittee.

CHAPTER VII BOARD OF ETHICS

Article 14

1. The Board of Ethics shall be the principal reputational organ of the Nobility International. It shall function in accordance with the annexed Statute and forms an integral part of the present Charter.

2. Nothing in the present Charter shall authorize the Board to determine any question

or any matter of a legal nature; but this principle shall not prejudice the Board from the application of moral determinations to the conduct of a Member in relation to a legal matter with other Members.

Article 15

1. All Members of the Nobility International are *ipso facto* parties to the Statute of the Board of Ethics.

2. A Family which is not Member of the Nobility International may become a party to the Statute of the Board of Ethics on conditions specified by the Statute and any other conditions determined by the Supreme Committee.

Article 16

1. Each Member of the Nobility International undertakes to comply with the decision of the Board of Ethics in any case to which it is a party.

2. If any party to a case fails to perform the obligations incumbent upon it under a determination rendered by the Board, the other party may have recourse to the Supreme Committee, which may, if it deems necessary, make recommendations or decisions on measures to be taken to give effect to the determination.

Article 17

The Supreme Committee and Subcommittees may request the Board of Ethics to give an advisory opinion on any ethical question.

CHAPTER VIII

MORAL CONFLICT RESOLUTION

Article 18

1. Moral conflicts shall, above all, seek a solution by negotiation, inquiry, mediation, conciliation, or other peaceful means of their own choice.

2. The Supreme Committee shall, when it deems necessary, call upon the parties to settle their conflicts by such means.

Article 19

The Supreme Committee may investigate any situation which might lead to a reduction in inter-familial cohesion, in order to determine the likelihood of endangering the Nation of Aristopolis.

Article 20

1. Any Member of the Nobility International may bring any conflict, or any situation of the nature referred to in Article 19 to the attention of the Supreme Committee.

2. The Supreme Committee may, at any stage of a conflict of the nature referred to in Article 18 or of a situation of like nature, recommend appropriate procedures or methods of peacekeeping, alliance-building, and redress.

3. The Supreme Committee should take into consideration any procedures for the settlement of the conflict which have already been adopted by the parties.

4. In making recommendations under this Article the Supreme Committee should also take into consideration that ethical conflicts should as a general rule be referred by the parties to the Board of Ethics in accordance with the provision of the Statute of the Board, and that legal disputes should be settled in a court of law.

Article 21

1. Should the parties to a conflict of the nature referred to in Article 18 fail to settle it by the means indicated in that Article, they shall refer it to the Supreme Committee.

2. If the Supreme Committee deems that that the continuance of the conflict is in fact likely to endanger the maintenance of inter-familial peace and security, it shall decide whether to take action under Article 20 or to recommend such terms of settlement as it may consider appropriate.

Article 22

Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 18 to 22, the Supreme Committee may, if all parties to any conflict so request, make recommendations to the parties with a view to a peaceful settlement of a moral conflict.

CHAPTER IX

**ACTION WITH RESPECT TO THREATS
AND POLITICAL, LEGAL, ECONOMIC,
DEFAMATORY, AND OTHER AGGRESSION**

Article 23

The existence of threats or acts of aggression shall be determined by the Supreme Committee for the purpose of recommending or deciding what measures are to be taken in accordance with Articles 25 and 26, to maintain or restore inter-familial peace and security.

Article 24

1. Parties shall comply with such provisional measures as the Supreme Committee deems necessary for the prevention of an escalation of the conflict.

2. Such provisional measures shall be binding and their compliance shall be subject to enforcement by the Supreme Committee.

Article 25

The Supreme Committee may decide what measures are to be employed in order to give effect to its decisions, and it may call upon the Members of the Nobility International to apply such measures. Such measures shall be proportionate to the severity and scope of the threats or acts of aggression. These may include complete or partial interruption of legal, political, operational technological, economic, financial, anti-defamatory, and open-source intelligence relations, and of any means of communication, and the severance of inter-familial relations.

Article 26

1. Should the Supreme Committee consider that measures provided for in Article 25 would be inadequate due to the immoral activities of criminal state actors or terrorist organizations, it may use all legal channels available to lobby law-abiding nations and inter-governmental agencies to support the Nobility International with additional humanitarian interventions.

2. The Nobility International shall only lobby for such measures that are proportionate to the severity and scope of the threats or acts of aggression in question, compliant with international law, and if required, supported by the United Nations Security Council; such measures include but are not limited to sanctions, blockades, clandestine operations, information operations, and military operations by air, sea, land, space, or cyberspace forces of law-abiding Members of the United Nations.

2. Nothing in the present Charter shall authorize the Nobility International to lobby for or in any way encourage measures or actions which violate international law, the Principles in the Charter of the United Nations, nor those of the present Charter.

Article 27

All Members of the Nobility International shall make available to the Supreme Committee, on its call, the economic, technological, political, legal, and open-source intelligence resources necessary for the purpose of restoring and maintaining inter-familial cohesion, peace, and security.

Article 28

1. The action required to carry out the decisions of the Supreme Committee for the maintenance of inter-familial cohesion, peace and security shall be taken by all the Members of the Nobility International or by some of them, as the Supreme Committee may determine.

2. Such decision shall be carried out by the Members of the Nobility International directly and through their action in any state, corporate, or non-profit organizations to which they are a party.

Article 29

The Members of the Nobility International shall join in affording mutual assistance in carrying out the measures decided upon by the Supreme Committee.

Article 30

If preventive or enforcement measures against any Family are taken by the Supreme Committee, any other Family, whether a Member of the Nobility International or not, which finds itself confronted with special economic, financial, technological, legal, or political problems arising from the carrying out of those measures shall have the right to consult the Supreme Committee with regard to a solution to those problems.

CHAPTER X

INTER-FAMILIAL COOPERATION

Article 31

With a view to the creation of conditions of stability and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among Families based on respect for the principle of excellence and the Perfectionment of humanity, the Nobility International shall promote:

a. the development and maintenance of community infrastructure, instruments of empowerment, and conditions of social, political, legal, financial, cultural, technological, and economic ascension;

b. legal, political, economic, technological, educational, cultural, and open-source intelligence development and cooperation;

c. universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and leadership for all;

d. all actions, processes, and procedures which afford the United Nations with the legal status and international recognition of a state entity, and the means to enforce international law.

Article 32

All Members pledge themselves to take joint and separate action in cooperation with the Organization for the achievement of the purposes set forth in Article 31.

Article 33

1. Agencies established by inter-familial agreement shall be brought into relationship with the Nobility International, in accordance with the provisions of Article 36.

2. Such agencies thus brought into relationship with the Nobility International are hereinafter referred to as Aristophilian agencies.

3. Aristophilian agencies may request the Board of Ethics to give an advisory opinion on any ethical question.

Article 34

The Organization shall make recommendations for the coordination of the policies and activities of the Aristophilian agencies.

Article 35

The Organizations shall, where appropriate, initiate negotiations among the Families concerned for the creation of any new Aristophilian agencies required for the accomplishment of the purposes set forth in Article 31.

Article 36

1. The Supreme Committee shall be responsible for the discharge and functions of the Organization set forth in this Chapter.

2. The Supreme Committee may enter into agreements with any of the Aristophilian

agencies referred to in Article 33, defining the terms on which the agency concerned shall be brought into relationship with the Nobility International.

3. It may coordinate the activities of the Aristophilian agencies through consultation with and recommendations to such agencies and through recommendations to the Supreme Committee and to Members of the Nobility International.

CHAPTER XI HARMONIZING PROVISIONS

Article 37

1. Every inter-familial agreement entered into by any Member of the Nobility International after the present Charter comes into force shall as soon as possible be registered with the Supreme Committee and published by it.

2. All such agreements shall be null and void unless they are registered in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of the present Article.

Article 38

In the event of a conflict between the obligations of the Members of the Nobility International under the present Charter and their obligations under any other inter-familial agreement, their obligations under the present Charter shall prevail.

Article 39

1. Members of the Nobility International shall grant the Organization such hospitality, privileges, and immunities as may be necessary to exercise its functions and fulfill its purposes.

2. The Supreme Committee may make recommendations with a view to determining the details of the application of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article or may propose

conventions to the Members of the Nobility International for this purpose.

3. The present Charter and succeeding resolutions of the Nobility International shall be ratified by the signatory Families in accordance with their respective internal processes.

Article 40

1. The Supreme Committee, its Subcommittees, and the Board of Ethics shall meet at the request of their respective constituent Representatives.

2. Except for the Prime Family, each member of the Supreme Committee, a Subcommittee, or the Board of Ethics shall have one vote.

4. Decisions of Nobility International organs shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of voting.

5. A Member of the Nobility International which is in arrears in the payment of his financial contributions to the Organization shall have no vote. The Supreme Committee may, nevertheless, permit such a Member to vote if it is satisfied that the failure to pay is due to conditions beyond the control of the Member.

6. Amendments to the present Charter shall come into force for all Members of the Nobility International when they have been adopted by the Supreme Committee.

7. The present Charter shall remain deposited in the archives of the Nobility International shall be made publicly available.

8. The expenses of all organs shall be borne by the Nobility International in such a manner as shall be decided by the Supreme Committee.

IN FAITH WHEREOF the representatives of the Families of the Nobility International have signed the present Charter in Noble Congregation on the eleventh day of September, two thousand and nineteen.

STATUTE OF THE BOARD OF ETHICS

Article 1

The Board of Ethics established by the Charter of the Nobility International as the principal reputational organ of the Nobility International shall be constituted and shall function in accordance with the provisions of the present Statute.

CHAPTER I

ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD

Article 2

The Board shall be composed of Members of the Nobility International, appointed by the Prime Family from among Members of high intellectual and moral reputation.

Article 3

1. A member of the Board, who has previously or currently an involvement with a case in a capacity other than as a member of the Board, shall recuse itself from participating in the proceedings of that case.

2. Nothing in this Statute shall authorize a member of the Board from giving the appearance of impropriety.

3. Any doubt on these points shall be settled by the decision of the Board on whether or not to dismiss such a member from the proceedings of a case.

Article 4

1. The Board may request the Prime Family for the replacement of a Board Member.

2. The Board shall notify all Members of the Nobility International if the Prime Family formally approves such a request.

Article 5

1. No member of the Board shall ever give credence to the pseudo-scientific theory of

impartiality, or any claim of lacking bias with respect to any fact, belief, or opinion.

2. No party to a case before the Board may ever declare anyone to be impartial or unbiased.

3. Neither a party to a case, nor a member of the Board shall ever implicitly or explicitly imply that the mere presence of bias and partiality are equivalent to a direct conflict of interest, that they are a moral failing, or that they aren't universal to every human being; but this shall not prejudice the Board from determining the appearance of impropriety due to a direct conflict of interest.

Article 6

Every member of the Board shall, before taking up his duties, make a solemn declaration in Noble Congregation that he will exercise his powers conscientiously.

Article 7

The Board shall determine the rules for carrying out its functions and rules of procedure, within the scope of the present Statute and the Charter of the Nobility International.

CHAPTER II

COMPETENCE OF THE BOARD

Article 8

1. Only Families may be parties in cases before the Board.

2. The Board, subject to and in conformity to its Rules, may request of any organization information relevant to cases before it, and shall receive such information presented by such organizations on their own initiative.

3. Aristophilian agencies and organs of the Nobility International shall comply with all such requests for information.

4. Whenever the construction of the constituent instrument of an Aristophilian agency or inter-familial agreement is in question in a case before the Board, it shall notify the agency concerned and shall communicate to it copies of all written proceedings.

Article 9

1. The Board shall be open to the Families parties to the present Statute.

2. The conditions under which the Board shall be open to other Families shall be subject to special provisions contained in inter-familial agreements in force and laid down by the Supreme Committee.

Article 10

1. All Families parties to the present Statute shall at all times recognize as compulsory *ipso facto*, the authority of the Board in all moral conflicts concerning:

a. the interpretation of an inter-familial agreement;

b. any question of Nobility International ethics;

c. the existence of a fact, which if established, would constitute a breach of an inter-familial moral obligation;

d. the nature and extent of the ethical reparation to be made for the breach of an inter-familial moral obligation.

2. The declarations referred to above may be made unconditionally or on condition of reciprocity on the part of several or certain Families, or for a certain time.

3. Should the authority of the Board ever be in question with respect to a particular conflict, the matter shall be settled by the Supreme Committee, unless it is a party to the conflict in which case the matter shall be settled by the Prime Family.

Article 11

1. The Board, whose function it is to determine moral reputation in accordance with inter-familial agreements and the Nobility International Charter such moral conflicts as are submitted to it, shall apply:

a. inter-familial conventions, whether general or particular, establishing rules expressly recognized by the contesting Families;

b. inter-familial custom, as evidence of a general practice accepted as moral;

c. the general ethics recognized by credible Families of high intellectual and moral reputation;

CHAPTER III PROCEDURE

Article 12

1. The procedure shall consist of preliminary oral proceedings and conclusive written documentation.

2. A copy of every document produced by one party shall be communicated to the other party.

Article 13

If the Prime Family is a party to the case, the functions of the Prime Representative shall be transferred to a Supreme Representative for that case.

Article 14

1. The hearing in the Board shall be private, unless the Board shall decide otherwise.

2. The parties may request the Board to make a case public.

Article 15

1. Minutes shall be made at each hearing, signed by the Prime Representative.

2. These minutes alone shall be authentic.

Article 16

1. The moral determination of the Board shall be binding among all Member of the Nobility International.

2. The Board shall determine the moral reputation of the parties in a manner consistent with previous cases of similar circumstances; but this shall not prejudice the Board from reversing a previous determination.

3. If the Board determines the moral reputation of the parties in breach of Board precedent, it shall be construed to have reversed all previous determinations of previous cases with similar circumstances and to have set a new moral precedent.

Article 17

A moral determination is final and without appeal. In the event of a dispute as to the meaning or scope of the determination, the Board shall construe it upon the request of any party.

Article 18

1. An application for revision of a moral determination may be made only when it is based upon the discovery of one or more facts of a decisive nature.

2. The proceedings for revision shall be opened by a determination of the Board expressly recording the existence of the new fact, recognizing that it has such character as to lay the case open to revision, declaring the application admissible on this ground, and determining the necessity of previous compliance with the terms of the original moral determination before proceeding with revision.

3. The application for revision must be made within six months of the discovery of a new fact.

CHAPTER IV
ADVISORY OPINIONS

Article 19

1. The Board may give an advisory opinion on any legal question at the request of whatever body may be authorized by or in accordance with the Charter of the Nobility International to make such a request.

2. Questions upon which the advisory opinion of the Board is asked shall be laid before the Board by means of a written request containing an exact statement of the question upon which an opinion is required, and accompanied by all documents likely to throw light upon the question.

Article 20

The Board shall deliver its advisory opinions in written to the body which has requested it.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: _____

SCOPE:

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: Culture & Society

SCOPE:

- Information collection, interpretation, and dissemination
- Extended phenotypes
- Humanitarianism, social well-being, and community cohesion
- International institutions, anti-corruption, and human rights
- Protecting innocent children from the cultural, political, legal, and educational influence of sexual perverts in positions of influence

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: Finance & Economy

SCOPE:

- Capital raising and investment
- Accounting and budgetary management
- Financial markets, stability, liquidity, and related systems
- Infrastructure, development, sustainability, and stability
- Resource acquisition, production, and related systems
- International monetary policies, cryptocurrencies, and related systems

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: Security

SCOPE:

- Development of defence capability against legal, political, technological, financial, economic, and defamatory attacks
- Development and acquisition of licensed private security relationships, resources, and assets
- International lobbying of law-abiding nations for the development of their military capability to engage in humanitarian interventions against criminal regimes and terrorist organizations which abuse, persecute, or murder adherents of the Noble faith and Aristophiles
- International lobbying of law-abiding nations for the development of a legal framework to give the legal status and recognition of the United Nations as a state entity with the legal and moral legitimacy to possess the means to definitively enforce international law

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: International Relations

SCOPE:

- Community outreach
- Public education
- Promotion of the United Nations system
- International diplomacy

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUBCOMMITTEE

AND

SPECIFICATION OF SCOPE



SUBCOMMITTEE OF: Science & Technology

SCOPE:

- Development of aristodemic institutions of scientific research and education
- Guidance, standardization, and funding of aristodemic research
- Technological development, standardization, guidance, and funding
- Licensing of technology